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SOURCE

Radio, No 2, 1946. (FIE Per Abs 9029 -- Translation requested.)RUSSIANS CELEBRATE RADIO DAY

K. Ya. Sergeyohuk, Minister of Communications of the USSR, opened the Radio Day scientific session on 6 May 1946 at the Central Palace of the Red Army. Scientific sessions of the All-Union Scientific-Technical Society of Radio Engineering and Electrical Communications named A. S. Popov opened almost simultaneously in Leningrad, Gor'kiy, and other cities. The session lasted 4 days.

Reports heard at the plenary session included that of Academician N. D. Papaleski on "Scientific Problems of Modern Radio" and K. M. Meshcheryakov, Vice-Minister of the Electrical Industry of the USSR, on "Prospects for the Development of the Electrical Industry in the Fourth Five-Year Plan." Six hundred fifty-five people participated in the session. Members of the 18th section heard 129 reports, and 390 people took part in the discussion of these reports.

A meeting which was summoned by the Committee on Radiofication and Broadcasting of the Soviet of Ministers USSR, the Ministries of Communication and the Electrical Industry, and the Central Soviet of the Osoaviakhim was held on 7 May in the Hall of Columns at the Palace of the Unions.

At this meeting were communications workers, radio specialists, scientists and engineers, specialists in radio industry enterprises, broadcasting workers, and amateur radio operators active in the Osoaviakhim.

K. Ya. Sergeyohuk, Minister of Communications of the USSR, opened the meeting with a few words on the services of A. S. Popov, who led the way to future progress in radio engineering in the Soviet Union.

A. A. Puzin, chairman of the committee on radiofication and broadcasting of the Soviet Ministers USSR, read a report.

The first issues of the new journals, Radio and Radio Engineering, organs of the All-Union Scientific-Technical Society of Radio Engineering and Electrical Communications named A. S. Popov, were available in the lobbies.

The Main Political Administration of the Armed Forces USSR and the Administration of Signal Troops of the Ground Forces observed Radio Day with a meeting in the Central Theater of the Red Army.

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Generals and officers of all branches of service, students at the military academies, particularly signalmen, and representatives of units of the Moscow Garrison attended. Marshal of Signal Troops I. T. Peresypkin, Marshal of Artillery M. I. Chistyakov, Academician B. A. Vvedenskiy, General-polkovnik of Signal Troops N. D. Pavlov, General-polkovnik P. A. Artem'yev, troop commander of the Moscow Military District, and others were in the presidium. Marshal of Signal Troops I. T. Peresypkin read a report on "Radio in the Red Army."

An exhibition dedicated to Radio Day was opened in the Central Palace of the Red Army. The exhibition was organized by the Red Army Communications Museum.

Armed forces radio stations and training plans and visual aids used in military signal schools were demonstrated in two large rooms.

By order of the Minister of Communications of the USSR, K. Ya. Sergeychuk, persons having contributed to the development of radio by their achievements in science, engineering, production and utilization of radio equipment, and organization of radio broadcasting, were awarded the badge of "Honorable Radiomen." The first badges were given to the outstanding Soviet Scientific-Academicians B. A. Vvedenskiy and N. D. Papaleksi. Similar orders were issued in the Ministries of the Armed Forces of the USSR and the Electrical Industry.

A gathering of young amateur radio operators, dedicating Radio Day, took place in the Central Palace of Pioneers.

V. I. Shashur, member of the editorial staff of the journal Radio, read a report. Lev Kassil', a writer, was also present at the assembly.

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